

© 2011 Journey North http://www.learner.org/jnorth/

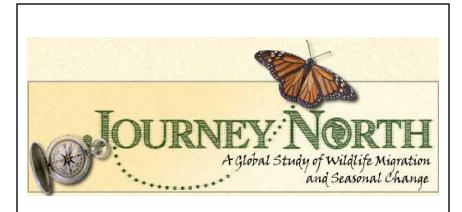




Photo © Journey North

#### Too Cold to Fly? The Effects of Temperature on Fall Migration

By Elizabeth Howard and Rita Welch



Photo © Journey North

# A Race Against Time

Monarchs must hurry during fall migration. The butterflies must leave their northern habitat before they get trapped by the cold!



Photo © Journey North

# Paralyzed

Cold temperatures paralyze monarchs. A monarch can't fly unless its flight muscles are warm enough. In temperatures below 50°F degrees, it took one hour for this butterfly to crawl a few feet.



Photo © Journey North

## **Flight Threshold**

A monarch's flight muscles must be 55°F (13°C) before the butterfly can fly.



Photo © Journey North

### **Cold-blooded**

Monarchs are **cold-blooded**.

This fact affects *every moment* of their lives. Cold-blooded animals do not maintain a warm body temperature. Their temperature depends upon the surrounding environment.

## Warming Up

Cold-blooded monarchs have special behavioral adaptations for warming up. Monarchs can bask in the sun and they can shiver. Both adaptations help a monarch raise muscle temperatures to flight threshold.



**Basking** Monarchs can bask to warm their muscles.

Photos © Journey North

### Shivering

Monarchs can shiver to warm their muscles.



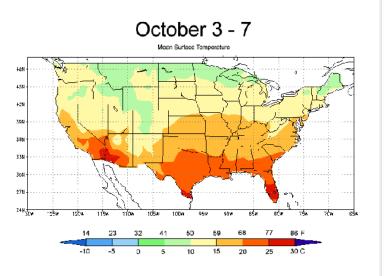


Photo © Journey North

# **Falling Temperatures**

These maps show how quickly air temperatures drop as the fall season progresses. Watch what happens between August and December. As temperatures fall, monarchs have a smaller and smaller window of time in which they can fly.



Photo © Journey North

#### Warm Enough to Fly?

Air temperatures help us predict whether a monarch could warm its muscles to flight threshold. As a general rule, monarchs need air temperatures of at least 50°F on a sunny day (or 60°F on a cloudy day).



Photo © Journey North

### **Temperature and Migration**

Temperatures influence when, where, how fast, and how high monarchs can fly. As you follow fall migration, predict when and where a monarch could fly based on daily temperatures.